

# TURN AND TALK

$$(2x^3 - 3x^2 + 5x - 7) \div (x - 4)$$

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Lee Li	Ziheng Li	Lewis Liu	Sam Liu	Ava Peng	Peter Shen	Sylvia Song	Coco Wang	Eileen Wang
Jason Wang	Luna Wang	Cathy Yan	Melody You	Allen Zhang	Lucas Zhang	Lynette Zhang	Ryder Zhang	Flora Zhou
Cyntina Zuo								

F1

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Jeremy Lin	Orange Liu	Serika Ren	Yumiko Shi	Hannah Si	Eric Song	Eric Tan	Silas Wang	Niki Wei
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F6

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James Xu —	Mike Yan —	Simon Yang —	Coco Zhang —	Patrick Zhang —	Sophia Zhang —	Molly Zheng —	Carrie Zhou —	Rudy Zhu —

F3

Allen  
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Cynthia  
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Erya  
Hu

Eva  
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Luo

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Zhao

Ray  
Meng

Rose  
Jiang

Ross  
Ma

Roy  
Liu

Ryan  
Wang

Sky  
Bai

Star  
Su

Stella  
Xi

Angelina Wang	Azura Cheng	Bonnie Zhao	Cecilia Jia	Diana Li	Oscar Liu	Zavier Liu	Tom Ou	Mia Peng
Joshua Hui	Julius Lv	Justin Jia	Lucas Li	Lyra Zhang	Iris Shao	Dylan Suo	PeytonAson Wang	Struck Wang
Selene Hou	Serena Feng	Silas Lv	Simon Wang	Stella Sun	Yola Wang	Mark Xiao	Elsa Ye	Emily Zhang
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F2



F5

Abbie Dong	Alan Chen	Angela An	Annette Zhao	Asher Tian	Jove Bai	Camellia Long	Candice Li	Carmen Du
Ricardo Lian	Emma Zhang	Ethan Yu	Ethen Li	Jack Spark Men	Jarry Wang	Cressen Liang	Leo Liu	Lucas Bai
Lycia Liu	Nina Dang	August Mao	Robin Mi	Vicky Yang	Victor Li	Yolanda Wang	Zephyra Hu	

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$$2x^2 + 5x + 25 + \frac{93}{x - 4}$$

# 2-03 POLYNOMIAL EQUATIONS

In this section, you will:

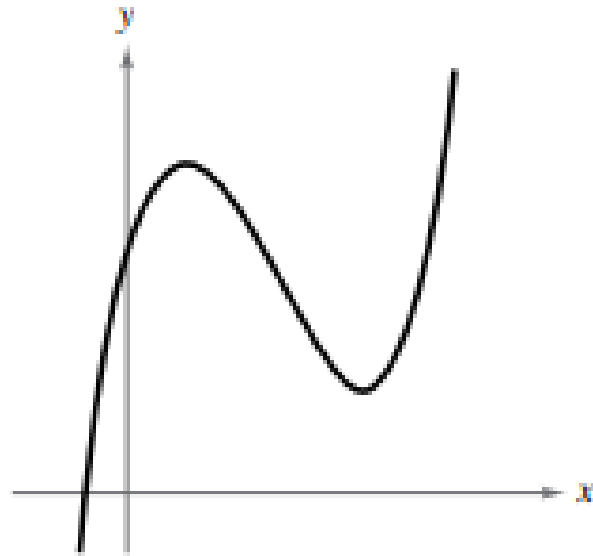
- Identify polynomial functions.
- Identify the end behavior.
- Graph polynomial functions.
- Write polynomial functions.

- Reminders
- Exam 19th January – polynomials and rational functions
- Presentations start 19th January – opportunity to respond to feedback such as APPLICATION

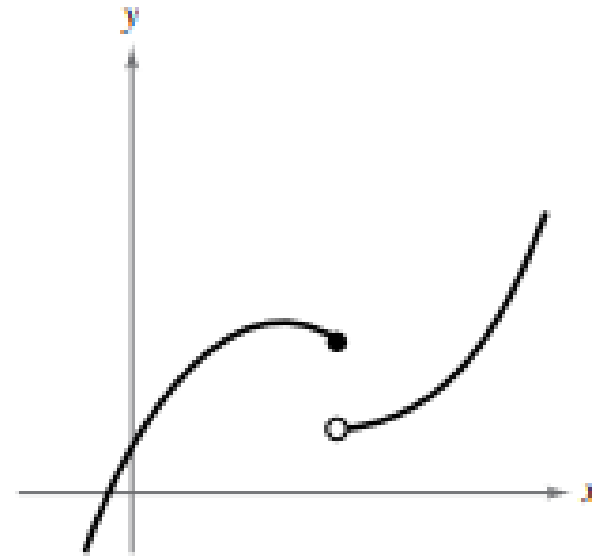
1. Polynomial - 多项式 (duō xiàng shì)
2. Degree - 次数 (cì shù)
3. Coefficient - 系数 (xì shù)
4. Term - 项 (xiàng)
5. Constant term - 常数项 (cháng shù xiàng)
6. Variable - 变量 (biàn liàng)
7. Like terms - 同类项 (tóng lèi xiàng)
8. Factorization - 因式分解 (yīn shì fēn jiě)

1. Cubic - 立方的 (lì fāng de)
2. Quartic - 四次的 (sì cì de)
3. Quintic - 五次的 (wǔ cì de)

# CONTINUOUS GRAPHS



(a) Polynomial functions have continuous graphs.



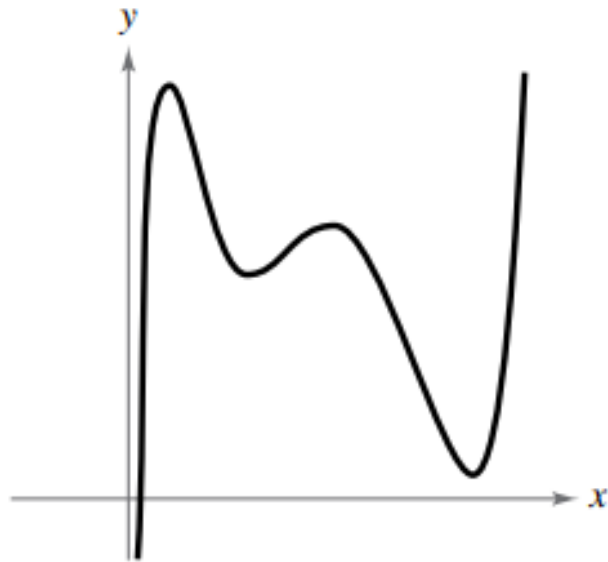
(b) Functions with graphs that are not continuous are not polynomial functions.

**Figure 2.5**

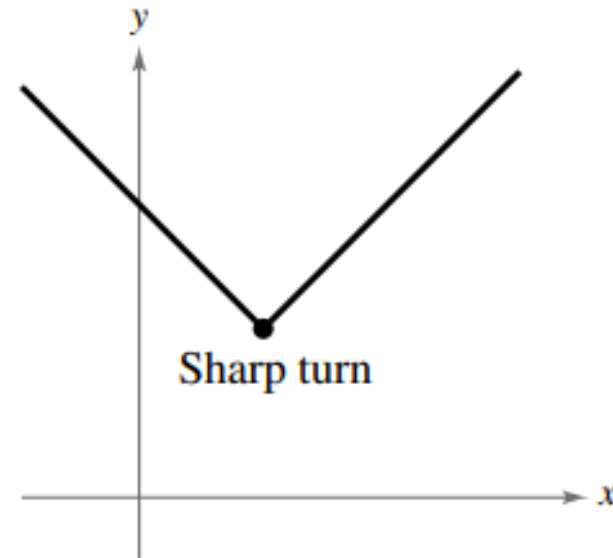
Smooth function: 光滑函数 (guāng huá hán shù)

Non-smooth function: 非光滑函数 (fēi guāng huá hán shù)

# SMOOTH, ROUNDED TURNS



(a) Polynomial functions have graphs with smooth, rounded turns.



(b) Functions with graphs that have sharp turns are not polynomial functions.



**Exercise: Identify whether the following functions are smooth or non-smooth.**

1.  $f(x) = x^2$

- Is it smooth? Why or why not?

2.  $g(x) = |x|$

- Is it smooth? Why or why not?

3.  $h(x) = \sin(x)$

- Is it smooth? Why or why not?

4.  $j(x) = \frac{1}{x}$  for  $x \neq 0$

- Is it smooth? Why or why not?

## 2-03 POLYNOMIAL EQUATIONS

- Polynomial Function
- $f(x) = a_n x^n + a_{n-1} x^{n-1} + \cdots + a_2 x^2 + a_1 x + a_0$
- $a_n$  are coefficients
- $a_n x^n$  are terms
- $a_0$  is constant term
- Degree is highest exponent
- Leading coefficient is coefficient of term with highest exponent
- Graphs are continuous, smooth, rounded turns

## 2-03 POLYNOMIAL EQUATIONS

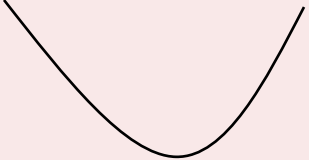
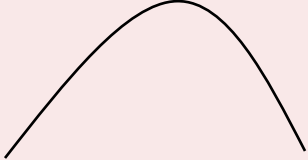
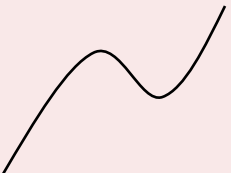
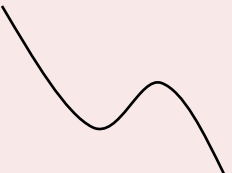
- End Behavior
  - Polynomial functions always go towards  $\infty$  or  $-\infty$  at either end of the graph

	Leading Coefficient +	Leading Coefficient -
Even Degree		
Odd Degree		

- What is the end behavior of  $f(x) = \frac{1}{3}x^3 + 5x$ ?

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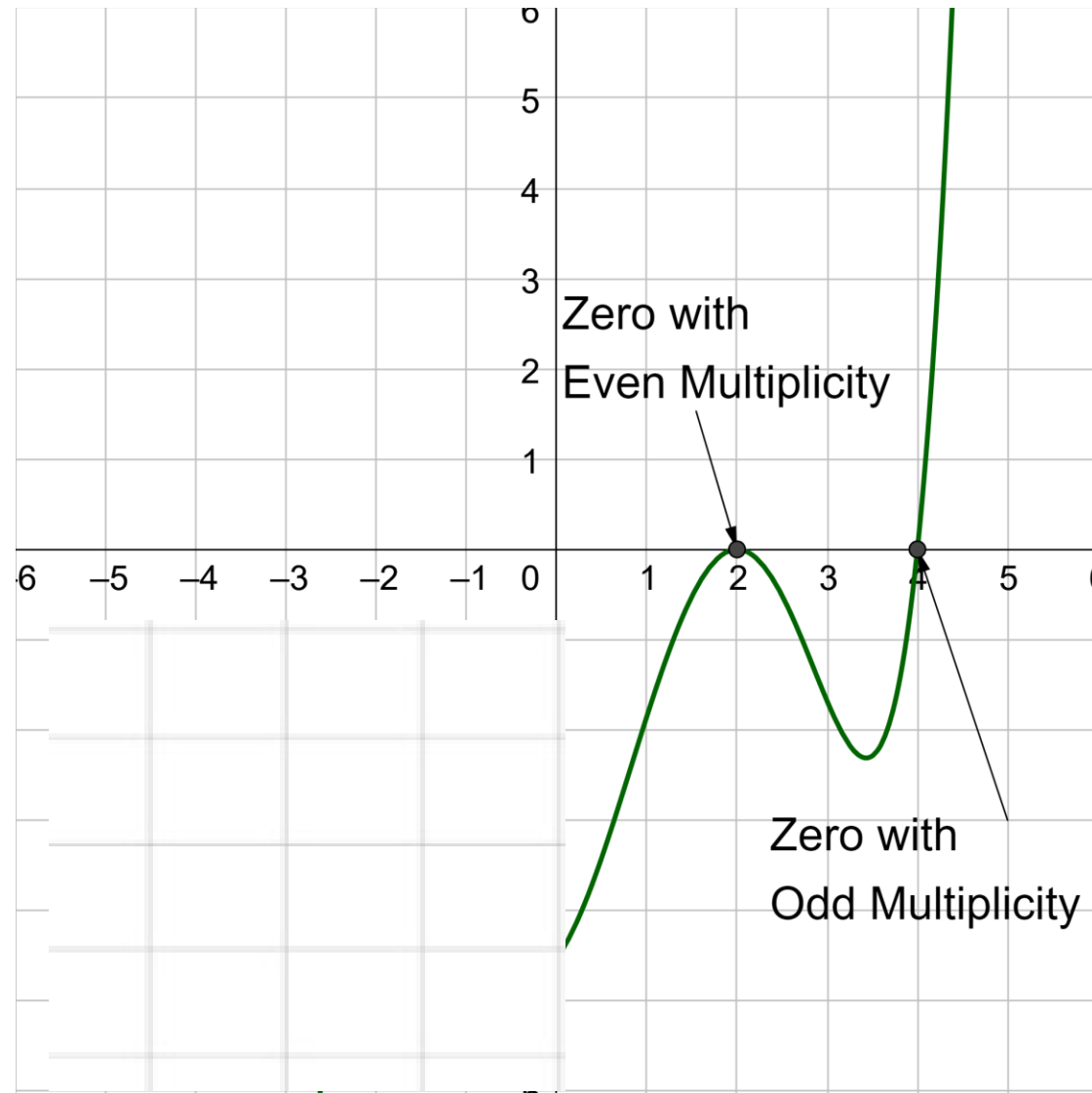
- Zeros
- If  $x = a$  is a zero of  $f(x)$ 
  - $x = a$  is a solution to  $f(x) = 0$
  - $(a, 0)$  is
  - $(x - a)$  is a  of  $f(x)$
- Let  $f(x)$  have degree  $n$ 
  - At most  $n$  zeros (can be repeated)
  - At most  turning points



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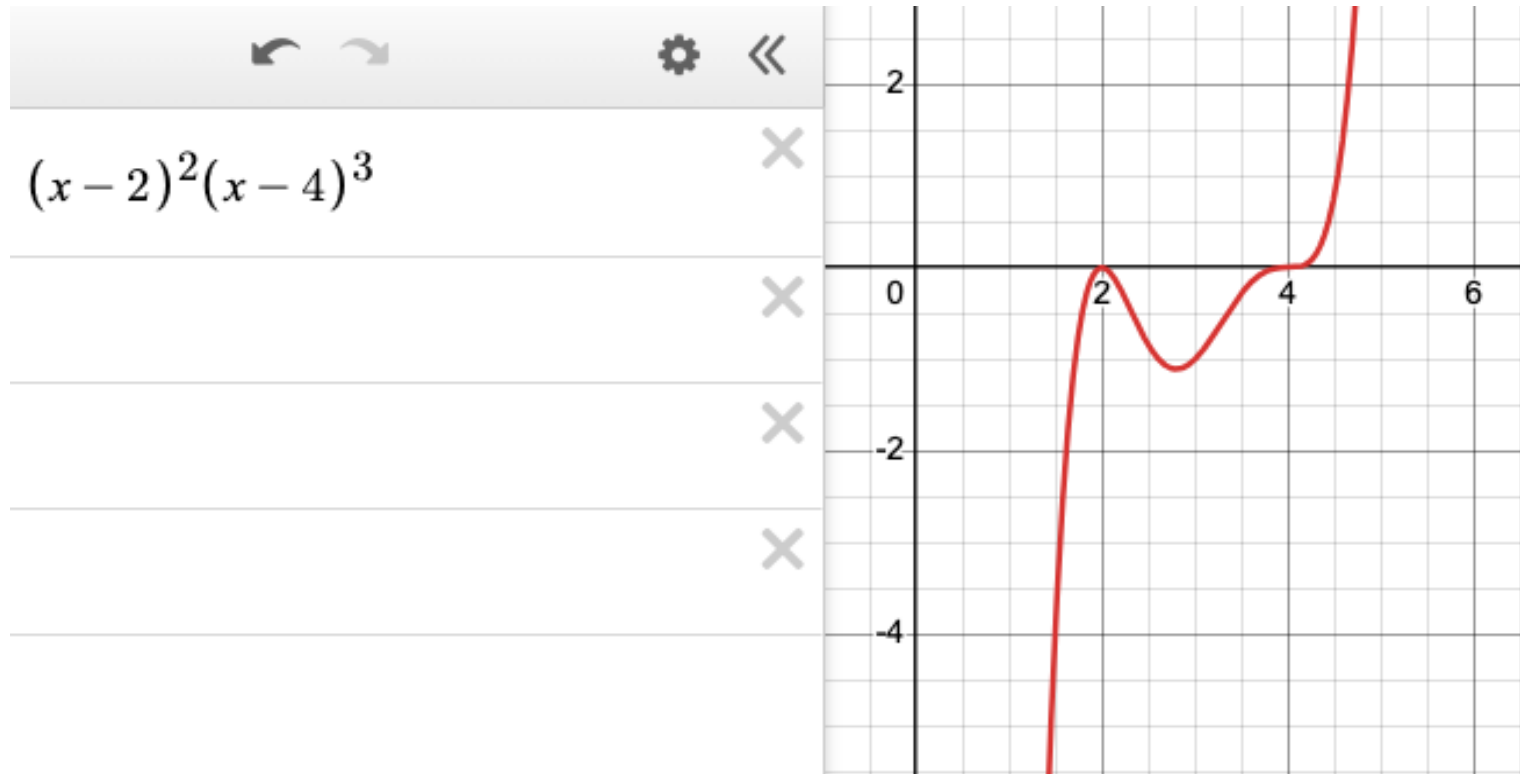
## 2-03 POLYNOMIAL EQUATIONS



What is a possible function?

# 2-03 POLYNOMIAL EQUATIONS

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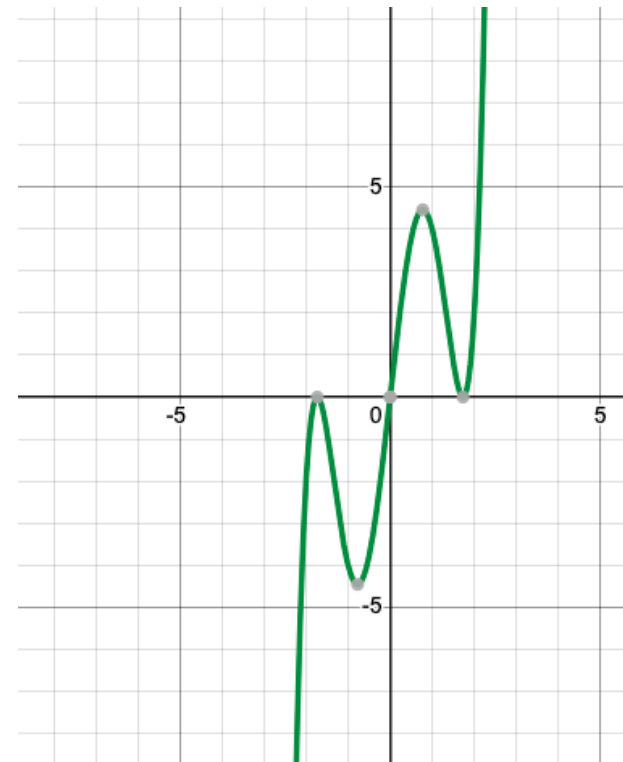


## 2-03 POLYNOMIAL EQUATIONS

For  $g(t) = t^5 - 6t^3 + 9t$

- a. Find all zeros
- b. Find multiplicity of zeros
- c. Graph

$$t(t - \sqrt{3})^2(t + \sqrt{3})^2$$



## 2-03 POLYNOMIAL EQUATIONS

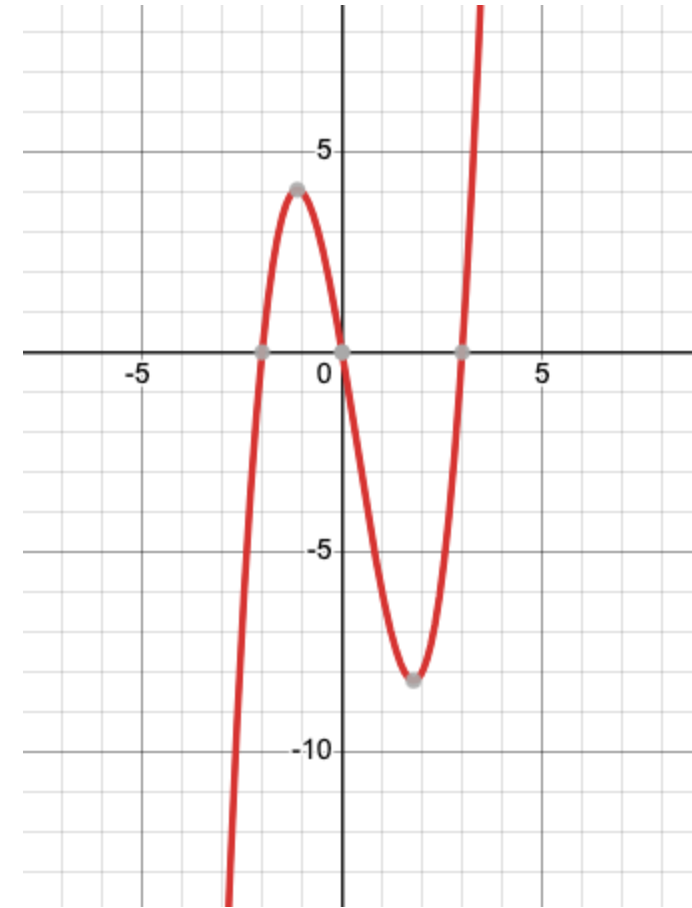
- Find the intercepts of  
 $f(x) = x(x + 2)(x - 3)$



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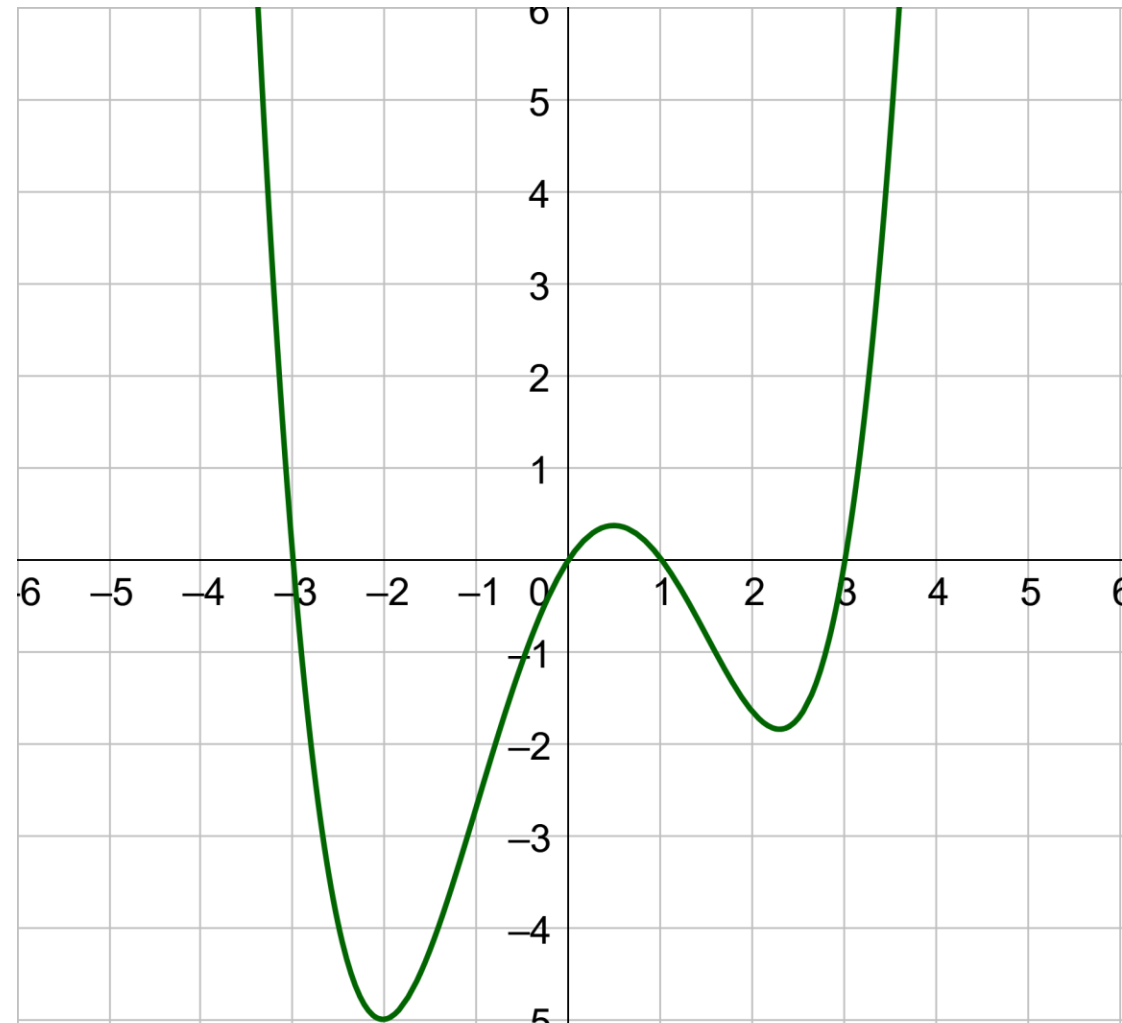
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**X=0, -2, 3**



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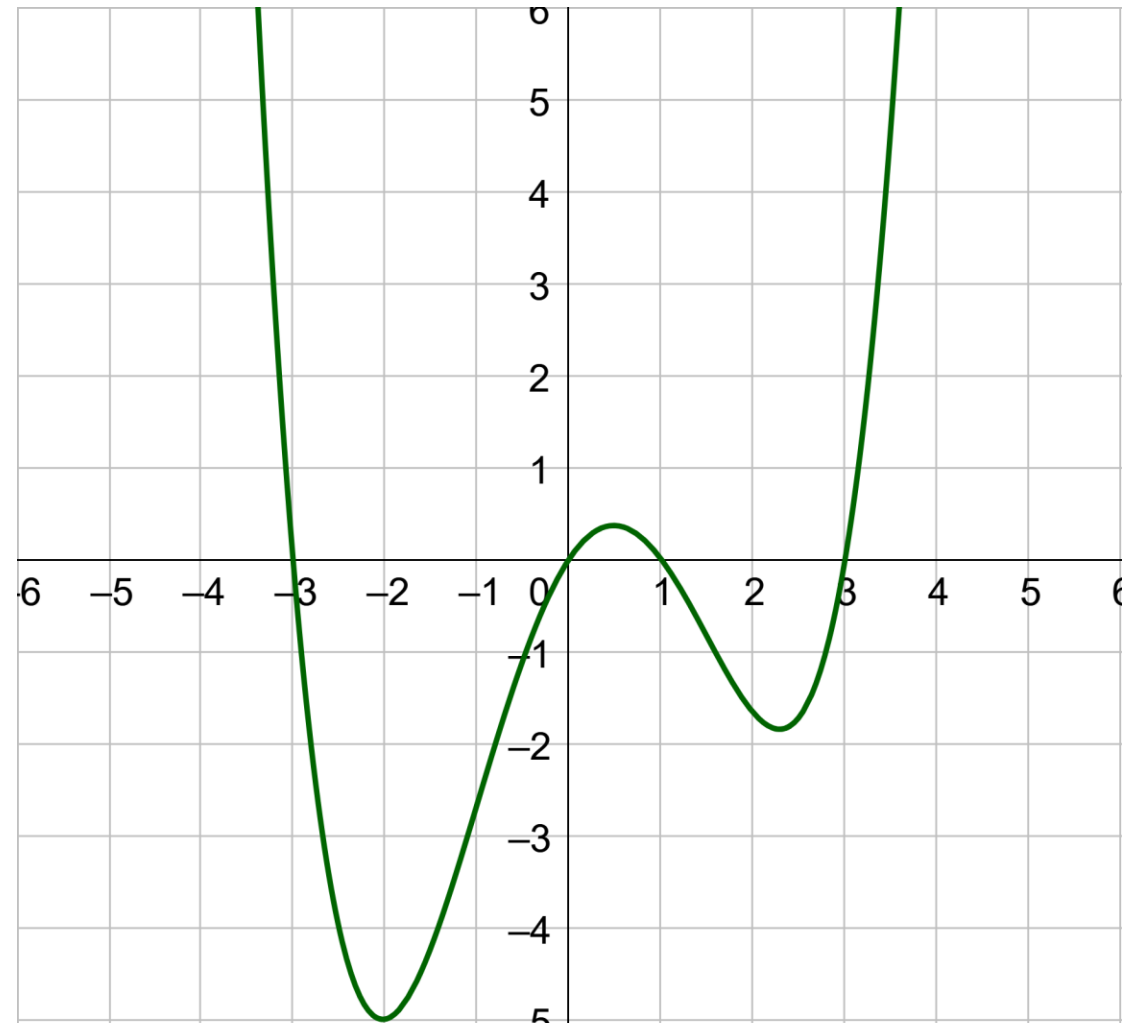
- Determine the least possible degree of the polynomial function shown.



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4





## TRUE OR FALSE

- A polynomial equation can include variables raised only to whole-number exponents.



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TRUE





## TRUE OR FALSE

- An equation with a variable in the denominator is a polynomial equation.



## TRUE OR FALSE

- An equation with a variable in the denominator is a polynomial equation.

FALSE



## TRUE OR FALSE

- The highest exponent in a polynomial is called the degree.



## TRUE OR FALSE

- The highest exponent in a polynomial is called the degree.

TRUE

**Instructions:** Use the information in the table below to answer each question. Show reasoning where required.

Interval	$(-\infty, -2)$	$(-2, 1)$	$(1, 4)$	$(4, \infty)$
Value of $h(x)$	Positive	Negative	Positive	Positive

(a) List all real zeros of the polynomial function  $h$ .

(b) Describe the behavior of the graph at  $x = 4$ . What does this tell you about the multiplicity of the zero?

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(c) What is the minimum possible degree of  $h$ ? Justify your answer.

(d) Determine whether the leading coefficient of  $h$  is positive or negative, and explain.



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